< For those suffering DV >

Do not bear the trouble alone. Consult with somebody first.

I am afraid if they find out the fact tha I consulted with somebody.

Such things are hard for me to explain to a third person.

I cannot help it because everything is my fault.

He might becom gentle someday.

Nobody understand my situation.

He uses violence because he loves me.



"If I endure his violence, he would not use violent to my child".

When you are unsure DV is occurring:

Consult with somebody quickly.

For DV or date DV, there are many sources of advice



In an emergency, do not hesitate to call police (110).

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Hamamatsu City Universal Design and Gender Equality Affairs Division

Let's start
with
understanding
what DV is!



What is DV?

For (DV: Domestic Violence)

DV stands for domestic violence. Domestic Violence means violence from a person such as a spouse or domestic partner (including common law marriages and former spouses) who have close relationships with victims.

Also, the violence from a date (boyfriend) is called "Date DV".

DV and Date DV are serious violations of human rights, and considered as criminal acts, which damages the victim physically and psychologically. In any case, such acts cannot be forgiven.



Forms of Violence

Violence is not limited to physical violence such as beating and kicking.

Physical Violence

- * Beating, kicking, slapping, choking
- * Pulling hair
- * Throwing something
- * Threats with dangerous weapons such as a knife

Mental Violence

* Shouting "You idiot!", "Die!", etc., and other verbal abuse such as insults and threats with words for example "I will kill you!", etc.

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- * Ignoring or neglect
- * Checking logs in another's mobile phone or letters
- * Limiting your contact with friends or relatives

Sexual Violence

- * Forced sexual relationships
- * Refusing contraception
- * Forced viewing of adult videos, etc.

Economic Violence

- * Not providing money for living expenses
- * Forced money loans
- * Limiting access to outside work
- * Over-zealous checking of household accounts

Violence involving children

- * Using violence in front of your child
- * Taking out frustration on children, for example telling them that "everything is your mother's fault!".

Each of all above items is an example of DV.

Impact of DV

DV can leave deep physical and emotional scars on both adult and child victims.

Impact on Victims

- * Injuries including bruises and broken bones and after effects
- * Sense of powerlessness and lowered self-esteem such as the feeling that "Everything is going wrong" or "Every bad thing is my fault", etc.
- * Lowered ability to make appropriate judgments
- * Sleeplessness, irritation, physical weariness
- * General anxiety and a sense of gloom about future prospects, a sense of hopelessness

Impact on Children

- * Maladjustment to school life or an inability to form relationships with friends
- * Delinquency or self-injurious behavior
- * Trying to settle problems using violence
- * A developing cycle of violence (The child might become a perpetrator or victim of DV).
- * DV in front of children is a form of child abuse.

